Discourses on 'arranged marriages' in Germany

On the interdependency of racism and heteronormativity



source: http://www.taz.de

Dr. Urmila Goel
Europa-Universität Viadrina in Frankfurt/Oder
and University of Bergen
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Elizabeth George: Deception on his mind

- "They'd merely been incapable of seeing them, blinded by their own preconceptions
- of what sort of woman would submit herself to an arranged marriage in the first place.
- · She would be docile, they had thought.
- She would have no mind of her own.
- She would give her will over to the care of others
- father first, husband second, elder brothers, if there were any, third –
- and she would be unable to take an action even when an action might have been called for."

New York: Bantham Books, 2004, 697

Structure

- Why talk about discourses on 'arranged marriages'?
- 2. Discourses on 'arranged marriages' in Germany
- 3. Interdependency of racism and heteronormativity
- 4. Consequences for the racialised

Urmila Goel

- researcher in cultural and social anthropology
- affiliated to European University Viadrina in Frankfurt/Oder, Germany
- visiting scholar at University of Bergen
- research interest:
 - dealing with experiences of racism
 - perspective of the racialised
 - interdependency of racism and heteronormativity

Talking about ,arranged marriages'

- on the internet portal http://www.theinder.net
 - which is a space of young people marked as Indians in Germany
- repeated discussions about ,arranged marriages'
- in interviews defensive about the ,arranged marriages' of their parents



Lines of arguments

- react in diverse ways to the topic
 - condemning
 - denying
 - differentiating
 - renaming
 - defending
- countering accusations

Also was sagt ihr zum Thema "arrangierte Hochzeiten". Ich persönlich finde das ia das solche Hochzeiten nur sehr selten geschieden werden, aber da zieht bei i würden. In meinen Augen ist das ein Überbleibsel der Steinzeit der nur dem indis Geschlecht: 05.10.2002 Beiträge: 126 "relict from the stone age PORSCHE Nach oben good and bad sides Shah Jahar "there is a ma Ich finde das passt gut in die indische Tradition "different forms" Man muss sich dem ja nicht anschliesse (Vhidden) (S profil) (S pn D Verfasst am: So 20 Ok "Indian traditions

20.10.02 "Heirat oder Verkuppelung

Contextualise discussions in public discourses in ,Germany'

"Government passes more Regierung bes restrictive immigration law" Zuwanderungsgesetz

Diesen Artikel drucken



Nachzuo

Berlin (Reuters) - Mit einer Verschärfung des Zuwande

The new law shall protect women from forced marriages by restricting family reunion



Bis dass der Tod uns scheider

(Zwangsheirat = forced marriage)

- condemnation of forced marriages
- equated with ,arranged marriages'
- ascribed to ,foreigners' (in particular ,Muslims')
- public image of the ,other' constructed
- impact on/ implemented in legislation and policy

Lines of arguments in public discourses in ,Germany'

- condemnation of ,arranged marriages
- framed as an issue of
 - women's rights
 - and cultural difference
- the ,other constructed as
 - homogenous
 - traditional, undemocratic, violating women's rights, etc.
 - inferior
- the ,own' constructed as
 - differentiated
 - civilised, democratic, ensuring gender equality, etc.
 - superior
- ,our' task
 - to save the ,other' woman from the ,other' man
 - by excluding them

What effect do the discourses about ,arranged marriages' have?

- establish the superiority of ,us'
 - by setting the concept of heterosexual monogamous love marriage as norm
 - claiming it as the ,white practice
- ignoring
 - the heterogeneity of ,white practices
 - the complexities of ,arranged marriages'
 - the heterogeneity among the racialised
- legitimise exclusion of the racialised
 - because the ,other discriminate women

Racist constructions of gender relations in Germany

- the ,other
 - is heterosexual (homophob)
 - has a (forced) arranged marriage
 - women are subservient
 - men are dominant
 - are guided by collective
- ,we'
 - are much more complex
 - act individually
 - have the right/ the obligation to interfere
 - as our norms are the universal ones

Cultures of dominance (Birgit Rommelspacher)

- organisation of society in terms of superiority and inferiority
- network of different dimensions of power
- omnipresent, multidimensional and invisible
- no simple dichotomy of oppressors vs. oppressed
- inequality denied
- and accepted as natural
- segregation implemented implicitly
- struggle for privileges

Stabilisation of norms in Germany

- struggle of the deprivileged
 - to escape from devaluation
 - to participate in privileges
- 'white' feminists and queers
 - ascribe sexism and homophobia to the racialised
- racialised elites
 - demand conformance to a fixed common culture

Position of the racialised in Germany

- their struggles with heteronomative pressures
- framed by racist discourses
- decisions concerning intimate relationships
 - always linked to positioning in racist system
 - linked to value judgements about ascribed community
 - challenge community solidarity
- talking about ,arranged marriage' in Germany
 - not primarily about heteronormative pressure
 - but also about dealing with experiences of racism
- condemnation of ,arranged marriages' in Germany does not:
 - promote gender equality
 - challenge heteronormativity

Thank you!

"We never thought it [the murder, ug] could have been the means to an end having nothing to do with anything that we – as Westerners, as bloody Westerners – could possibly hope to understand."

Elizabeth George: Deception on his mind New York: Bantham Books, 2004, 698

More information on www.urmila.de